

The Ecological Study Tour to Soil Carbon Neutrality and Climate Change Response Experimental Platform & Xuanwu Lake

I. Date

Jun.10, 2026

II. Location

Nanjing, China

III. Itinerary

Hotel → Soil Carbon Neutrality and Climate Change Response Experimental Platform
(previously referred to as “**Temperature by Free-Air CO₂ Enrichment (T-FACE)**”) →

Xuanwu Lake → Hotel

IV. Schedule

11:00: Depart from the hotel

11:30–12:00: Light meal on the bus (sandwich + drink)

12:00: Arrive at the Soil Carbon Neutrality and Climate
Change Response Experimental Platform

12:00–14:30: Visit the platform

15:00: Depart for Xuanwu Lake

16:00: Arrive at Xuanwu Lake

16:30–19:00: Sightsee Xuanwu Lake, visit graceful scenery of five islets, and check
in at Nanjing’s most beautiful city skyline (Ten-mile Long Causeway)

19:30–20:00: Return to the hotel

V. Pricing

\$60 per person, covering round-trip transportation, bilingual guide, and lunch.

Introduction to Scenic Area

Xuanwu Lake Scenic Area is a national AAAA tourist attraction, a national key park, and a national water conservancy scenic area. Archaeological evidence confirms that Xuanwu Lake is a remnant of the ancient Yangtze River channel, dating back to the pre-Qin period when it was known as "Sangbo" . Over time, it has been known by nearly 20 names, including Houhu Lake, North Lake, Taiye Pool and Kunming Pool. The name "Xuanwu Lake" originated in the 23rd year of the Yuanjia Period of the Song Dynasty during the Southern Dynasties(446).

Located in Nanjing's main urban area, Xuanwu Lake close to Zijin Mountain in the east, the Ming City Wall to the west, Jilong Mountain to the south, and Nanjing Railway Station to the north. It was the royal garden during the Six Dynasties, and was the National Archive of the Ming Dynasty where register books were stored, reputed as "Jinling Pearl". Xuanwu lake Scenic Area covers a total area of 5.13 square kilometers, with a lake area of 3.78 square kilometers and a land area of 1.35 square kilometers, consisting of the "five islets," one park, and one road. The Five islets—Huanzhou, Yingzhou, Liangzhou, Lingzhou, and Cuizhou—presenting beautiful scenery everywhere in each season. Huanzhou's misty willows, Yingzhou's florasea, Liangzhou's autumn chrysanthemums, Lingzhou's mountain mist, and Cuizhou's soaring high trees. One garden refers to the Lovers' Garden, and one road refers to the Lake Ring Road.

The scenic area integrates mountains, water, city, and forests, with many places of interest, particularly famous for eight iconic views: Parade Review at Royal Lake, Water Gate Inquiring About Routes, Taicheng Willows, Fragrant Lotus at Curved

Plank Road, Rosy Clouds at Long Causeway, Admiring the Moon in Dragon Pool, Guo Pu's Mound, and Tianxia Huangce.

